

California Open Online Library for Education & Accessibility

COOL4Ed (the California Open Online Library for Education) was created so that faculty can easily find, adopt, utilize, review and/or modify free and open etextbooks for little or no cost. The COOL4Ed accessibility open textbook evaluations can inform faculty, staff, and students how the free and open etextbooks meet 15 accessibility "checkpoints" that could impact the learning of learners with a range of disabilities.

SUMMARY OF ACCESSIBILITY EVALUATION:

Textbook: Principles of Accounting

Format of Textbook: HTML

Assistive Technology (AT) Evaluation Score: Overall	N/A (Maximum score = 10)
Assistive Technologies (AT) Evaluations applies specialized tools and software in the accessibility evaluation process. These specialized assistive technologies, see list below, are typically not used or available by the general public into the accessibility evaluation process.	
 Accessibility features of desktop operating systems (e.g. high-contrast display themes, settings from the Keyboard and Mouse control panels) Accessibility-related software included with desktop operating systems (e.g. VoiceOver, Microsoft Narrator) Third-party accessibility software and hardware: Screen readers (e.g. JAWS, Window Eyes) Magnification software (e.g. ZoomText Magnifier/Reader, MAGIC Pro with Speech) Reading software for users with learning disabilities (e.g. Read and Write Gold, Kurzweil 3000) Refreshable Braille displays 	
Non- Assistive Technology (NAT) Evaluation Score: Overall	6.9 (Maximum score =10)
Non-Assistive Technologies (NAT) Evaluations applies only native or basic tools and software such as the keyboard and Narrator in the accessibility evaluation process. These non-assistive technologies are readily available and used by the general public.	



COOL4Ed Accessibility Evaluation Methods:

The California State University <u>Accessible Technology Initiative</u> and <u>MERLOT</u> (Multimedia Educational Resources for Learning and Online Teaching) developed the rubric or "checkpoints" for the accessibility evaluation. <u>CAST</u>, a nationally recognized organization with expertise in accessibility and UDL, reviewed and affirmed the appropriateness and value of the accessibility evaluation rubric and contributed the references and support resources to help people learn how best to design, evaluate, and remediate the learning materials to maximize the accessibility of the learning resources for all. The "checkpoints" have been built upon the Section 508 technical standards and has been organized and tailored to the typical characteristics of digital resources used in higher education courses.

The accessibility evaluations were performed by the <u>Center for Usability in Design and Accessibility</u> at California State University, Long Beach; faculty and graduate students with expertise in human factors, usability, and accessibility performed the evaluations of over 150 free and open etextbooks. COOL4ed.org has published the accessibility evaluation rubric and provides a detailed description of the methodology used to evaluate the accessibility of the etextbooks in COOL4ed.

LOOKING FOR DETAILED ACCESSIBILITY REPORTS?

See Detailed Accessibility Evaluation Report using Assistive Technologies – N/A

See Detailed Accessibility Evaluation Report using Non-Assistive Technologies



DETAILED ACCESSIBILITY EVALUATION REPORT using Non-Assistive Technologies

Non-Assistive Technologies (NAT) Evaluations applies only native or basic tools and software such as the keyboard and Narrator in the accessibility evaluation process. These non-assistive technologies are readily available and used by the general public.

1. Accessibility Documentation

A. The organization providing the online materials has a formal accessibility policy.	Fail
Additional Information:	Not Included.
B. The organization providing the online materials has an accessibility statement.	Fail
Additional Information:	Not Included.
C. An Accessibility Evaluation Report is available from an external organization.	Fail
Additional Information:	Not Included.

2. Text Access

A. The text of the digital resource is available to	Pass
assistive technology that allows the user to	
enable text-to-speech (TTS) functionality.	
Additional Information:	Text was converted to speech without a problem
	pages: 1-10.

3. Text Adjustment

A. Text is compatible with assistive technology.	Pass
Additional Information:	It is possible to increase font size by percentages. When you zoom in to 150%and 175% the "browse" link in the top bar interferes with text.
B. The resource allows the user to adjust the font size and font/background color (or is rendered by an application such as a	Pass



browser, media player, or reader) that offers this functionality).	
Additional Information:	Colors can be changed but font styles are restricted, Chapters Accounting Cycle and Current Assets.

4. Reading Layout

A.	Text of the digital resource is compatible with assistive technology that allows the user to reflow the text by specifying the margins and line spacing (or is rendered by an application such as a browser, media player, or reader that offers this functionality).	Fail
Additio	onal Information:	Page does not reflow text when font size is changed pages 1-10.
В.	If the digital resource is an electronic alternative to printed materials, the page numbers correspond to the printed material.	N/A
Additio	onal Information:	

5. Reading Order

Additional Information:	The text is organized logically.
the page when rendered by assistive technology.	
logically corresponds to the visual layout of	
A. The reading order for digital resource content	Pass

6. Structural Markup/Navigation

A. The text of the digital resource includes	N/A
markup (e.g. tags or styles) that allows for	
navigation by key structural elements	
(chapters, headings, pages) using assistive	
technology (or is rendered by an application	
such as a browser, media player, or reader	
that offers this functionality).	



Additional Information:	
B. The text of the digital resource includes markup for bullets and numbered lists that is compatible with assistive technology (or is rendered by an application such as a browser, media player, or reader that offers this functionality).	N/A
Additional Information:	
C. If the text of the digital resource is delivered within an ebook reader application, a method is provided that allows users to bypass the reader interface and move directly to the text content that is compatible with assistive technology.	N/A
Additional Information:	

7. Tables

A. Data tables include markup (e.g. tags or	Fail
styles) that identifies row and column	
headers in a manner that is compatible with	
assistive technology (or are rendered by an	
application such as a browser, media player,	
or reader that offers this functionality).	
Additional Information:	Tables are not defined with appropriate tags so as to
	convey this in an accessible manner, every table in
	Chapter Eleven: Advanced PP&E Issues/Natural
	Resources/Intangibles.

8. Hyperlinks

A. In-book links take you to a location within the	N/A
textbook. For example, the table of contents	
would be considered in-book links and	
embedded links take you to the correct	
location in the book.	
Additional Information:	
/ dataonal mornidation	



B. Live hyperlinks take you to any website or webpages external to the book.	Pass
Additional Information:	
C. Live links take you to the correct webpage that is functioning properly.	Pass
Additional Information:	All links checked were okay.
D. Live links are descriptive enough for the users to know where it should take them.	Fail
Additional Information:	The links themselves are not descriptive such as http://www.sec.gov/ and the links under the header "Now Available" that introduce books that are for sale - these links only say the word "here."

9. Color and Contrast

A. All information within the material that is conveyed using color is also available in a manner that is compatible with those that do not perceive color, and information conveyed by color is also conveyed in other ways.	Pass
Additional Information:	Headers and links are emphasized using boldface, italics, and capitalization. In the text they use the color red to make words stand and they use use the bold feature as redundant coding.
B. Information is conveyed from the sub- categories for contrast.	Pass
Additional Information:	Contrast is optimal for all headers and text. Headers are 7.51:5 and text is 21.0:1.
C. Contrast for headers passed WCAG AA standards for large texts (contrast ratio 3:1).	Pass
Additional Information:	Contrast is optimal for all headers and text. Headers are 7.51:5.
D. Contrast for text passed WCAG AA standards for normal texts (contrast ratio of 4.5:1).	Pass
Additional Information:	Text is 21.0:1.



Additio	nal Information:	Ch 1
	images of atoms) passed WCAG AA standards (contrast ratio of 4.5:1).	
E.	Contrast for simple images (for example,	Pass

10.Language

A. The text of the digital resource includes markup that declares the language of the content in a manner that is compatible with assistive technology.	Fail
Additional Information:	No language is declared in the head of the page.
B. If the digital resource includes passages in a foreign language, these passages include markup that declares the language in a manner that is compatible with assistive technology.	N/A
Additional Information:	

11.Images

A. Non-decorative images have alternative text that is compatible with assistive technology (or is rendered by an application such as a browser, media player, or reader that offers this functionality).	Pass
Additional Information:	Pictures give a satisfactory description and use alt tage, Ch 1, Ch2.
B. Decorative images are marked with null alternate text or contain markup that allows them to be ignored by assistive technology.	N/A
Additional Information:	
C. Complex images, charts, and graphs have longer text descriptions that are compatible with assistive technology (or are rendered by an application such as a browser, media	Fail



player, or reader) that offers this functionality).	
Additional Information:	Complex images tend to be tables that explain concepts/ideas. These are do not have a detailed description as to the meaning of the content.

12.Multimedia

A. A synchronized text track (e.g. open or closed captions) is provided with all video content.	Pass
Additional Information:	Most were youtube videos with auto generated captions, Ch 1 Video lecture.
B. A transcript is provided with all audio content.	N/A
Additional Information:	
C. Audio/video content is delivered via a media player that is compatible with assistive technology. This includes support for all criteria listed in Section 15 below.	N/A
Additional Information:	

13.Flickering

A. The digital resource content does not contain	Pass
anything that flashes more than three times	
in any one-second period.	
Additional Information:	

14.Science, Technology, Engineering, and Math (STEM)

 A. STEM figures have appropriate markup that indicates that the image is a figure. 	Fail
Additional Information:	
B. STEM graphs have appropriate markup that indicates that the image is a graph.	Fail



Additional Information:	
C. STEM equations have appropriate markup that indicates that the image is an equation.	Fail
Additional Information:	
D. STEM tables have appropriate markup that indicates the image is a table.	N/A
Additional Information:	
E. STEM figures have appropriate notation markup that conveys both the notation (presentation) and meaning (semantics) of the STEM content.	Pass
Additional Information:	Content is labeled accordingly but fails to provide an adequate explanation for content.
F. STEM graphs have appropriate notation markup that conveys both the notation (presentation) and meaning (semantics) of the STEM content.	Pass
Additional Information:	Content is labeled accordingly but fails to provide an adequate explanation for content.
G. STEM equations have appropriate notation markup that conveys both the notation (presentation) and meaning (semantics) of the STEM content.	Pass
Additional Information:	Content is labeled accordingly but fails to provide an adequate explanation for content.
 H. Assistive technology used can access the content from the STEM tables. 	N/A
Additional Information:	

15.Interactive Elements

A. Each interactive element (e.g. menu,	N/A
hyperlink, button) and function (e.g.	
annotations) allows keyboard-only operation	
both with and without assistive technology.	



Additional Information:	
B. Each interactive element conveys information to assistive technology regarding the element's name, type, and status (e.g. "Play, button, selected").	N/A
Additional Information:	
C. All instructions, prompts, and error messages necessary to complete forms are conveyed as text to assistive technology (or are rendered by an application such as a browser, media player, or reader that offers this functionality).	N/A
Additional Information:	

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